



Features:

- Industry standard 1/4 brick package & footprint
- High efficiency
- 2: 1 input voltage range
- Low output noise & ripple
- Remote sense
- Constant frequency
- Over-temperature protection: Auto-recovery
- Output over-voltage protection: locked
- Dual adjustable output voltage: +10%/-20%
- Output over-current/voltage protection
- EN60950-1 recognized
- RoHS (2002/95/EC) complaint

Options:

- Positive/Negative Remote on/off

Numbering Convention

QSR 05-48 D 12-L - G

① ② ③ ④ ⑤ ⑥ ⑦

NO	Features	Descriptions
①	Product Series	Industry standard 1/4 brick
②	Output Current	Total output current of 2 outputs: 5A
③	Typical Input Voltage	Input Voltage: 48V
④	Number of Outputs	S - Single Output
		D - Dual Output
⑤	Typical Output Voltage	Voltage Output: ±12V
⑥	Remote on/off Logic	L - Negative Logic
		H or Default - Positive Logic
⑦	ROHS	G - lead-free, ROHS6

1 Description

The power modules output Voltage +12V and -12V、Two-way load distribution, Each rated output current of 2.5A; Industry standard 1/4brick shape ; Full open , Devices are surface-mount, High power density; With REM on/off 、thermal shutdown protection、Over-current Function.

2 Technical Specifications

Parameter		Test Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
2.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings						
Input Voltage (Vi)		no operating, continuous	—	—	80	Vdc
Input transient Voltage (Vit)		transient (100ms)	—	—	100	Vdc
Max Output Power (Pomax)		allowable operating conditions	—	—	72	W
2.2 Input Specifications						
Typical Input Voltage (Vinom)		----	--	48	--	Vdc
Input Voltage Range①		----	36	--	75	Vdc
Input Under-voltage Protection	Shutdown	Ionom	31	--	35	Vdc
	Recovery		32	--	36	Vdc
Maximum Input current (Iimax)		Vimin, Vonom, Ionom	--	--	1.938	A
No-load Input Current (Iio)		Vinom, I _o =0A	--	20	30	mA
Quiescent Input Current (Iiof)		Vinom, remote output shutdown	--	3	10	mA
Remote	On	Rem <0.8V (referenced to GND) or shorted to -Vin				
	Off	3.6V<Rem<= 75V(referenced to GND) or open circuit				
2.3 Output Specifications②						
Output voltage Set-point	Vo1nom	Vinom, I _{o1} nom, I _{o2} nom	11.88	12.00	12.12	Vdc
	Vo2nom		-11.88	-12.00	-12.12	
Un-balanced Load Regulation	Vo1	Vinom, I _{o1} =0.2A—2.5A I _{o2} =(-2.5A)—(-0.2A)	11.40	12.00	12.60	Vdc
	Vo2		-11.40	-12.00	-12.60	
Typical Output Current	I _{o1} nom	----	--	2.5	--	A
	I _{o2} nom		--	-2.5	--	
Output Current Range	I _{o1}	Po≤Pmax	0.2	--	2.5	A
	I _{o2}		-2.5	--	-0.2	

Parameter		Test Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Line Regulation (Vov)	Vimin-Vimax		--	--	±0.2	%Vo1
	Io1nom, Io2nom		--	--	±0.2	%Vo2
Load Regulation (Vol)	0-100%Io1nom/Io2nom		--	--	±0.5	%Vo1
	Io1 - Io2 < 0.05A		--	--	±0.5	%Vo2
Output Voltage Trim Range (Voadj)③		Io≤Ionom, Po≤Pmax	--	--	±10	%Vo1 /2
Output Over-voltage Protection		Po<Pomax	120	--	140	%Vo1 /2
Output Over-current Protection	Protection Mode	Vinom	Hiccup, Auto-recovery			
	Threshold	Io1 - Io2 < 0.05A	2.75	--	3.75	A
Output Short-circuit Protection	Protection Mode	Hiccup, Auto-recovery				
Dynamic Load Response	Peak Deviation	25%-50%-25%Ionom 50%-75%-50%Ionom	--	--	±3	%Vo
	Settling Time	ΔIo/Δt=0.1A/μS, Vinom④	--	--	200	μs
Output Ripple & Noise	Vrp1	Vinmin-Vinmax, Ionom	--	--	150	mV
	Vrp2	20MHz, by side⑤	--	--	150	mV
External Output Capacitance (Co)		Vo1,Vo2	220	--	4700	μF
Turn-on/off Peak Deviation		Vo1,Vo2	--	--	±5	%Vo1 /2
2.4 Safety Specifications						
Isolation voltage	Input to output	Leak Current≤1mA, 1min	1500	--	--	Vdc
Isolation Resistance (Riso)		-----	50	--	--	MΩ
Safety Certificate		EN 60950—1 Recognized				
2.5 Reliability						
Vibration Test(sine)		ΔIo/Δt=: 10~55Hz Amplitude: 0.35mm Acceleration: 10m/s ² Cycle: X,Y,Z 30min each axis	After being tested, no damage to the converter and its components, the appearance, output voltage and output ripple and noise (p-to-p) meet the data sheet requirements.			
Impact Test (half-sine)		Peak Acceleration: 300m/s ² Duration: 6ms 6 times for three perpendicular directions	After being tested, no damage to the converter and its components, the appearance, output voltage and output ripple and noise (p-to-p) meet the data sheet requirements.			
MTBF		2×10 ⁶ h Bellcore TR-332				
2.6 Environmental Specifications						

Parameter		Test Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Relative Humidity		(40±2) °C, No dew	—	—	90	%RH
Cooling		⑥	Forced-air cooling or heat sink			
Operating Temperature	Baseplate Temperature (Tc)	⑥	-40	--	+100	°C
	Ambient Temperature (Ta)		-40		+85	°C
Over-temperature protection⑦		-----	Output will be off when baseplate temperature exceeds 105°C, and recovers automatically when baseplate temperature is 1010°C than the threshold.			
Storage Temperature (Tst)		no operating conditions	-55	--	+125	°C
2.7 General Specifications						
Switching Frequency		----	--	300	--	k Hz
Temperature Coefficient (Tcoeff)		----	--	--	±0.02	%/°C
Efficiency (η)		Vinom,Ionom	88	90	--	%
Weight				35		g
RoHS		RoHs (2002/95/EC) Directive				

Note:

- ① Input Voltage up to 80Vdc for long time or reverse input polarity would cause the module damaged;
- ② Special instructions are at an ambient temperature 25°C, $|I_{o1}|=|I_{o2}|=0.5|I_{nom}|$ measured under;
- ③ Tow voltage at same time on the way down;
- ④ The load connected to Vo1, Vo2 at both ends of test;
- ⑤ Testing required in the corresponding output pin Vo1(7pin), Vo2 (4pin) to COM (5pin) between Resectively plus a 220μF low ESR electrolytic capacitors,and 1μF monolithic capacitor ;
- ⑥ See Temperature Derating Curve;
- ⑦ Auto-recovery, See behind the test point diagram.

3 Basic Application Circuit and Considerations

3.1 Typical Application

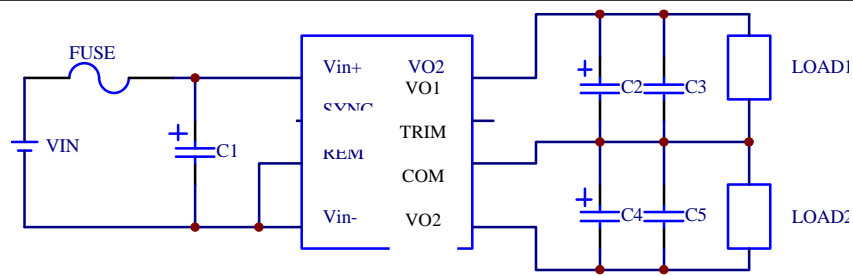


Figure above: FUSE: 5A

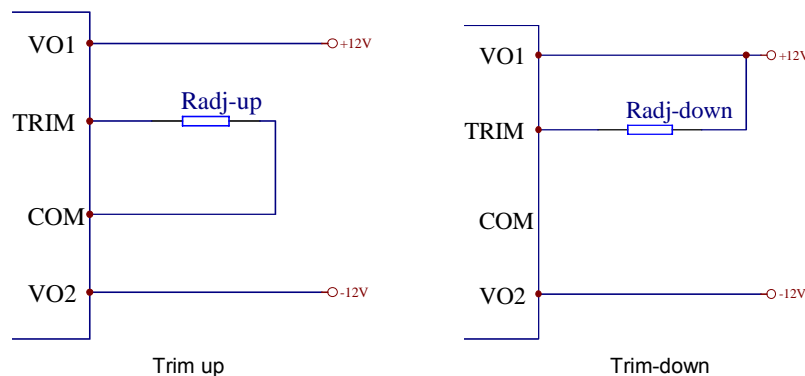
C1 is 100V/33μF low ESR capacitor; C2,C4 is electrolytic capacitors 220μF; C3,C5 is 1μF Monolithic capacitors. If you have high electromagnetic compatibility or be certified by the relevant, need to set the appropriate module input and output common mode and differential-mode filter circuit.

3.2 Instruction for Use

- (1) Input control terminal (REM) is low (as opposed to -Vin) or in connection with -Vin shorted, Output Open; Input control terminal (Rem) is high or floating, the output off.
- (2) Input Voltage up to 80Vdc for long time or reverse input polarity would cause the module damaged;
- (3) When you need to adjust the output please refer to section 4 of the output voltage regulation means, without conditioned TRIM should be left vacant.

4 Output Voltage Trim

4.1 Output Voltage Trim Circuit



4.2 Adjustment formula

Trim Up Resistance Calculation Formula

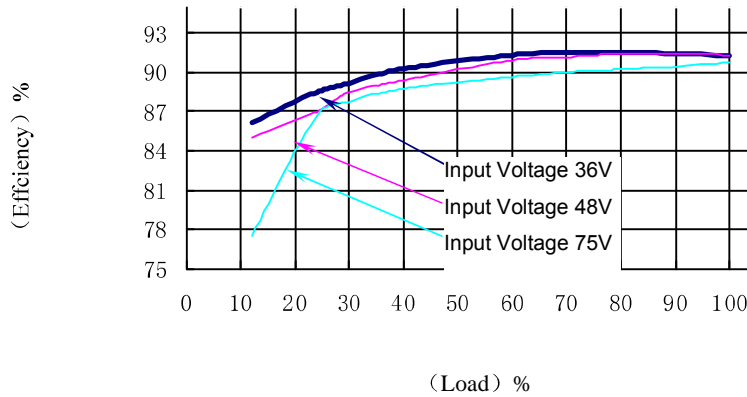
$$R_{adj-up} (K\Omega) = \frac{138.37 - 9.53V_o}{2(V_e - V_e)} - 3$$

Trim-down Resistance Calculation Formula

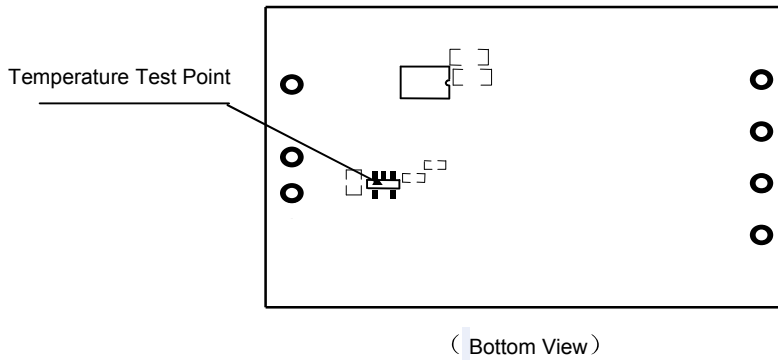
$$R_{adj-down} (K\Omega) = \frac{91}{2(V_e - V_e)} - 12.53$$

Where V_o is the hope that regulate voltage, V_e nominal output voltage, the module is 12V.

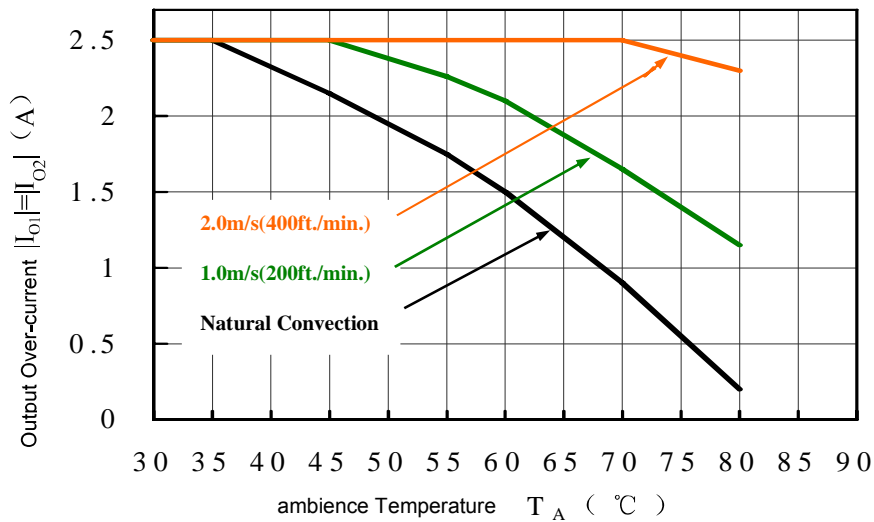
5 Efficiency Curve (Ta = +25°C)



6 Temperature Test Point



7 Thermal Derating Curve



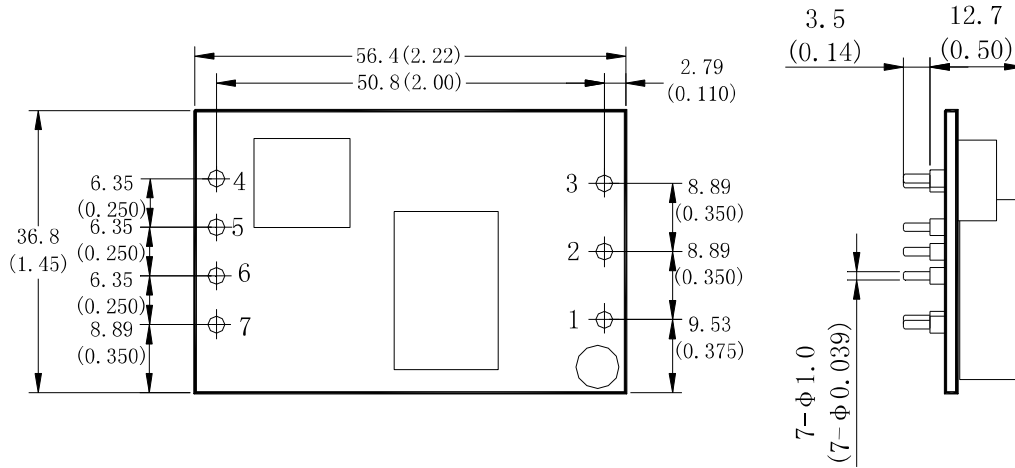
$V_{in} = 48.0V$ Thermal Derating Curve

Note: Natural cooling is the wind speed at 0.05m/ S and 0.1m/S between.

8 Dimensions and Pin definition

8.1 Dimensions

Unit:mm (inch.) Tolerance: .X±0.5 (.XX±0.02) ; .XX±0.13 (.XXX±0.005)



8.2 Pin Definition:

No	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Symbol	+Vin	Rem	-Vin	+Vo2	COM	Trim	+Vo1
Definition	Positive Input	Remote	Negative Input	Positive Vo1	Common Terminal	Trim (Vo1)	Positive Vo1